



THE RAINCOAT!

THE Raincoat is so useful and so stylish a garment that it will be popular for years to come.

A Raincoat or Light Weight Overcoat, as you prefer—it's either or it's both.

New models with the new Military Collar that buttons close around the neck.

A splendid Storm Coat!

\$15, \$20 to \$40

Good looking, well tailored fabrics—cut roomy and of good length.

The Raincoat will always save other garments and will earn its cost in a short time.

FRED M. NYE CO.
2413 Washington Ave.

This will Stop Your Cough in a Hurry

Save \$2 by Making This Cough Syrup at Home.

This recipe makes a pint of better cough syrup than you could buy ready-made for \$2.50. A few doses usually conquer the most obstinate cough—stops even whooping cough quickly. Simple as it is, no better remedy can be had at any price.

Mix one pint of granulated sugar with 1/2 pint of warm water, and stir for 2 minutes. Put 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (fifty cents' worth) in a pint bottle; then add the Sugar Syrup. It has a pleasant taste and lasts a family a long time. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

You can feel this take hold of a cough in a way that means business. Has a good tonic effect, braces up the appetite and is slightly laxative, too, which is helpful. A handy remedy for hoarseness, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. The effect of pine on the membranes is well known. Pinex is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norwegian white pine extract, and is rich in gaulic acid and all the natural healing pine elements. Other preparations will not work in this formula.

This Pinex and Sugar Syrup recipe has attained great popularity throughout the United States and Canada. It has often been imitated, though never successfully.

A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

SOCIETY

ENTERTAINED JUNIORS.

Last night Mrs. J. M. Shaw and Mrs. Harry Hales delightfully entertained the Junior class of the Young Ladies' Mutual Improvement association of the Seventh ward at the home of Mrs. Shaw, 804 Twelfth street.

The evening was charmingly spent in music, reading and general social recreation, and before the party closed it was arranged to have a jolly Halloween party and the details of the party were decided upon. Members of the class who attended that party last evening were the Misses Julia Martin, Ruth Baker, Olive Jones, Melba Reed, Leona Barker, Gladys Farley, Elizabeth Carr, Myrtle Farr, Jonnie Shaw, Lorinda Youngstrom, Ella

Jones, Florence Reeve, Myrtle Knudsen and Alice Reeve.

FOR MISS COVINGTON.

Mrs. Charles L. Fisher, and Mrs. Lou Jones entertained at a parcel shower Friday evening at the latter's home 442 Thirtieth street, in honor of their sister, Miss Edith Covington. The rooms were tastefully decorated in autumn leaves, carnations and chrysanthemums. A pleasant evening was spent in various games, after which dainty refreshments were served. The invited guests were Misses Eada Peterson, Vera Olson, Zella Rackham, Ida Knowles, Lula De Lamar, Ada Carr, Beiva Tribe, Edith Covington, Beulah Lauer, Mrs. Crossby, Mrs. Stone, Mrs. Harold Tribe, Mrs. Joe Willett, Misses Susie, Florence and Verna Covington.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

The children's aid society will meet with Mrs. N. F. Craig at her home, 482, Seventeenth street next Friday afternoon (Oct. 21) at three o'clock. Matters of some importance will be discussed and plans for future work considered. A full attendance is expected.

ST. JOSEPH'S SEWING SOCIETY.

The ladies of the St. Joseph's Sewing society will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Thomas Fitzgerald at St. Joseph's hall.

The Pythian Sisters' Birthday club will meet one day next week with Mrs. C. A. Ecklund, and Mrs. Macbeth for the initial number of a series of card parties that will be given this season.

Mrs. John Reed, formerly a prominent and well-known club woman of Ogden, is now in the city renewing old acquaintances. Mrs. Reed will give an "Interpretive Reading" at the Congregational church this evening and many of her former friends expect to greet her there.

Mrs. W. M. Jeffers leaves Saturday for North Platte, Nebraska, from which place she will go to Chicago to remain for some weeks. Mrs. Jeffers has a large number of warm friends in Ogden who will regret her departure and hope for an early return.

APPLE DAY AT TREMONTON.

Brigham City, Oct. 18.—The Bear River valley people are trying to make arrangements for an "apple day" celebration which, if inaugurated, will be an annual event just like peach day in Brigham City. The matter is being talked of in Tremontion at which place it will be held if the matter is looked upon favorably.

CAMPAIGN OPENS IN WEBER COUNTY

Democrats Declare They Will Not Haul the Voters to Register or to the Polls—Republicans Are in Headquarters in the Maule Block.

The generals of the two political parties of Weber county are now in their camps, busily engaged framing the campaign, and getting their working forces into line. According to the statements of the two leaders the campaign will not be particularly vigorous, but it will be through in a systematic canvass of the voters of the county in an effort on the part of each to poll the majority vote on election day and, withal, the chairman state, the campaign will be free from mudslinging and Salt Lake political tactics.

Chairman Dye of the Republican organization and his secretary, Harold Packer, have established headquarters in the George E. Maule building on Washington avenue between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, and the preliminary work of the campaign is well in hand. Canvassers are already in the field looking after the interests of the party and the voting strength of the party is being tabulated as rapidly as possible. Every precinct in the county is being given attention and no voter will be overlooked by the district workers.

Chairman W. W. Browning of the Democratic side of the political controversy has moved into headquarters in the Orpheum block, on Washington avenue, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, his secretary being W. B. Wilson. The carpenters are still at work arranging the quarters for use, but all will be completed this afternoon and tonight at 8 o'clock the candidates on the Democratic ticket will be called into council. The thing of greatest importance to be acted upon, according to the statement of Chairman Browning, will be the levying of an assessment upon each candidate for money to defray the expenses of the campaign. The consideration of district workers will also receive attention.

"We are not yet in shape for real good work," said Mr. Browning, "and our campaign has really not begun. There will be no hurrah on our part, but we anticipate making a good, careful canvass of the situation and are determined to poll every vote we can. We are not going to hire rigs to haul people to the registration offices or to the polls. The Democratic county state platforms declare against this practice and we propose to put it into practice, even before a law regarding the matter is made. Democratic voters will have to furnish their own conveyance to reach the registration offices and the voting places."

Chairman Browning stated that the campaign in Weber county will be opened in Hooper next Friday evening, when Judge Erickson, candidate for congress, and Mathonias Thomas, a Democratic candidate for Salt Lake, will hold a rally. The following evening, Saturday, the same gentleman will hold forth at Huntsville.

GREAT SALT LAKE 500 YEARS AGO

Investigation to Determine the Relative Annual Precipitation in the Great Salt Lake Drainage Area Before the Coming of White Race—Important Data to Be Obtained.

The present behavior and past history of Great Salt Lake is attracting more and more attention each year and is now the object of a special investigation by the United States geological survey. The United States weather bureau precipitation records, beginning in 1863, present a comparatively accurate record of the levels of Great Salt Lake dating back to the year 1850. In 1850 the lake stood at 3 feet. In 1868 the water rose to 11 feet, dropped to 7.5 feet in 1873, and rose again to 14 feet in 1877. The lake then gradually lowered until the water stood at 2.4 feet in 1902 and 2.2 feet in 1905. Since 1905 the water has gradually risen, reaching the 6 foot mark in May 1910. The lake is now falling.

Many millions of dollars have been spent in the construction of railroads and resorts over or near the shores of the Great Salt Lake. If any data can be secured which will enable one to make a reliable prediction as to the behavior of the lake ten years in advance, the information would be of inestimable value. It will be necessary to determine whether or not there are regular periods of wet and dry years; also to determine the time intervening between two wet and two dry periods. To determine this point one should have precipitation records dating back one hundred years or more. Taking, for example, a forest tree which is some distance from a flowing stream, and one which receives no moisture from artificial sources, it is believed that the annual

growth of this tree would bear a direct relation to the amount of precipitation which fell during the winter just prior to the growing season. The amount of growth made during each year may be determined by measuring the thickness of the tree's annual rings. The temperature during the growing season would have its effect upon the growth of the tree, and it is therefore not expected that the data obtained from measuring the thickness of annual rings would give reliable records for successive years where there is little variation in the annual precipitation. It seems reasonable to believe that the high normal and low years can be determined.

The forest service has extended its assistance in this interesting investigation by cutting a big tree from the Big Cottonwood drainage area, which lies ten miles southeast of Salt Lake City. This tree is between four and five hundred years old. A section will be cut and polished in order that the thickness of the annual rings may be easily measured. A thorough study will be made of the first sixty annual rings and a comparison made with the sixty year record of the levels of Great Salt Lake. If a definite relation can be determined, showing that a certain amount of precipitation produces a ring of certain thickness, this relation can then be applied back to the center of the tree and an estimate thereby secured for the annual precipitation for a period of four hundred to five hundred years. An effort will be made to complete this study during the next three months.

C. W. VOIGT IN POLICE COURT

C. W. Voigt, formerly a clerk in the Ogden office of the Electric Supply & Fixture company, was arraigned in police court this morning on the charge of embezzlement. He was instructed by the court in his legal rights and his preliminary hearing continued.

Voigt is charged with having fraudulently appropriated to his own use \$100 from the treasury of his employers, while he had charge of the

company's books. He was placed under arrest at the home of his parents in Salt Lake City, about three weeks ago, after an inspection of the books showed that there was a shortage in the office accounts. After his arrest, it is stated that Voigt made statements to the police incriminating some other persons. Just what those accusations were or whom the persons claimed to be accessories are, has never been given out officially by the police and will probably not be made known until the preliminary hearing.

When arraigned, Voigt said that he was not ready for his hearing and the case was continued, the prisoner's bond being fixed at \$500.

HEAVY GALE ON THE LAKE

A gale, in which the wind reached almost a hurricane velocity, raged on the lake last night between 5 and 11 o'clock, but did no damage to any of the railroad equipment on the Ogden-Lucien cutoff.

The wind blew at a rate of from fifty to sixty miles per hour and considerable anxiety was felt by the watchmen employed by the Southern Pacific, lest the high waves would damage the trestle or fill. Investigation this morning showed that the right-of-way had been in no way affected by the heavy blow.

CORONER'S INQUEST AT LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles, Oct. 18.—The coroner's inquiry into the cause of the death of those who met their fate in the dynamiting and burning of the Los Angeles Times building and plant was begun today. Twenty-one men

are known to have perished in the Times holocaust.

Twenty bodies were taken from the ruins and one victim—F. Church Elder, the assistant city editor—met death in leaping from the building to the street.

"I am satisfied all the bodies have been recovered," said Coroner Hartwell today.

The first witnesses examined testified merely to facts which would establish the actual facts of death.

CONCRETING CANAL IN CANYON

E. P. Ellison, president of the Davis-Weber Counties Canal company, returned this morning from a trip over Nevada and will make an inspection trip to the big irrigation ditch tomorrow morning.

It is the plan of Mr. Ellison and Chief Engineer W. M. Bostaph to inspect the canyon and to have the work started at once. The work which is necessary in Weber canyon consists in moving 10,000 tons of rock. At one point a projecting ledge of granite, estimated to weigh 1,500 tons, will be blown into the river with one blast of powder. The most difficult part of the engineering work will be encountered in building the canyon part of the canal. While the bed of the ditch is of solid rock at this point, the rock is so porous that much of the water soaks through and finds its way back to the river. To eliminate this loss, the canal will have to be concreted its entire length although, to the casual observer, the rocky sides and bottom would be sufficient to hold the water.

In the inspection trip, Messrs. Ellison and Bostaph will be accompanied by several members of the engineering staff.

ORPHEUM BILL A PLEASING ONE

The bill at the Orpheum this week is composed of acts that are new and novel, being quite out of the ordinary run of vaudeville acts, and the combination is most pleasing. Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Connelly present one of the finest dramatic sketches that has ever been seen in this city. The title of which is "Sweatheart," Mr. Kay and Connelly have a novel satire entitled "In the Great White Way," which is full of good comedy and dancing. The whole show is good and must be seen to be appreciated.

TRESPASSERS IN LOCAL YARDS

Five men, three of them mechanics, were arraigned in police court this morning and sentenced to pay fines of \$5 each or serve five days in prison for trespassing on Southern Pacific property. The men were arrested by Watchman A. Loysen, who appeared as the complaining witness.

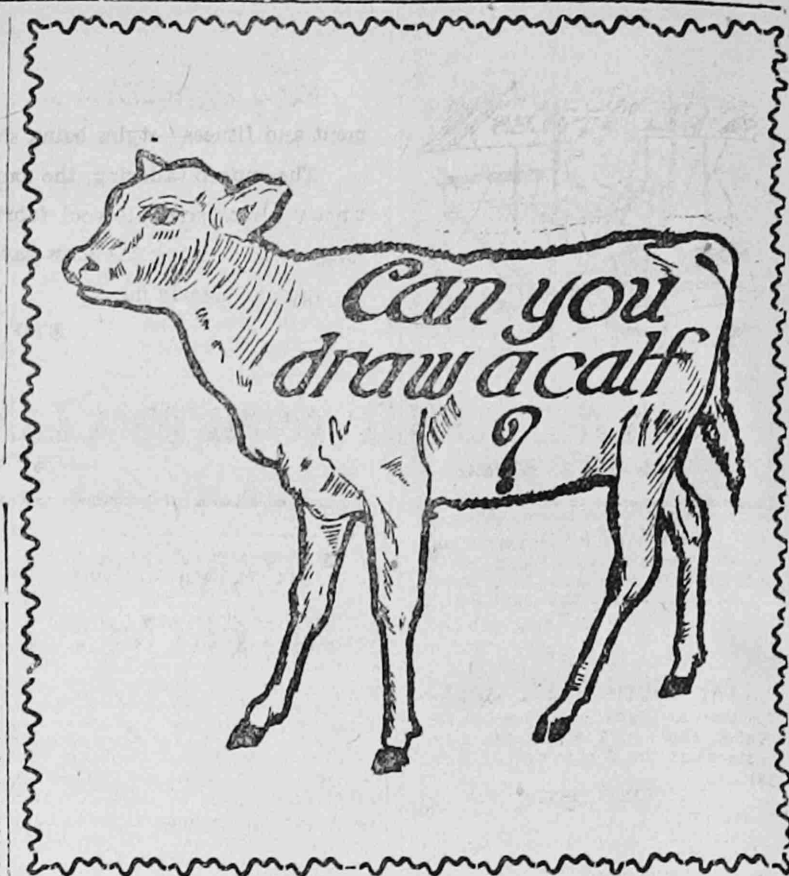
The prisoners were not vagrants in appearance but seemed to be men who were familiar with work and more prosperous circumstances. They were arrested in the railroad yards while waiting for freight trains to leave the city. Each of them pleaded guilty to the charge of trespassing and were all returned to the prison to serve out their sentences. The railroad officer was not called to the stand and none of the men was questioned in regard to the circumstances surrounding his particular case.

The men gave their names as Will Baker, Pat Murphy, B. Thorp, Walter Leggett and Bramwell Cox.

MAY LOSE LIFE AS RESULT OF BURNS

Her head and body a mass of burns, as the result of the burning of a can of turpentine at her home, Mrs. Matilda Work of Wendover, 129 miles west of Salt Lake, on the main line of the Western Pacific railroad, was rushed to Salt Lake City Monday afternoon on a special train and taken to the L. D. S. hospital, where she is now in a dangerous condition. The run from Wendover to Salt Lake was made in the remarkable fast time of two hours and thirty minutes, no stops being made, or about forty-eight miles an hour. This is the first time since the opening of the road that the Western Pacific has developed any high speed.

According to the information at hand, some boys placed a can of turpentine on a stove in the Work home. It caught fire and Mrs. Work carried the blazing oil from the home. Her face, head, arms, hands and body were badly burned. It was at once seen that her condition was serious.



and the special train was quickly made up to convey her to Salt Lake.

CITY DRIFT IS SHOWN

Middle States Are Losing, According to Census, Rural Population

Washington, October 18.—The census for the state of Illinois, announcement of which is expected within two or three weeks, will show a decrease in the rural population, according to the prediction of the census officials, who likewise anticipate a falling off in the rural population of Indiana and Ohio, and possibly other middle-western states from which the returns will come in their alphabetical order. The Michigan census, which was given out in advance of other states, on account of the election laws that were to be affected, showed a marked falling off in many of the counties. More recently the decrease showing in Missouri excited much comment.

Reasons given for the decrease in the rural sections of Illinois, the showing of which is in prospect, are: Improvements in farm machinery. Wealth of the farmers, who, with their large holdings, do not care to divide them into small farms, and who are sending their boys to the west to take up new land in the less settled regions.

The natural "city drift" about which so much has been said, also is an element, but the experts think the true explanation lies in a combination of the reasons given above.

It is pointed out that practically all the land in Illinois is now occupied. The improved farm machinery enables the farms to be worked without so much manual help as previously.

The farmers, seeing the land all taken up, do not want to break up their big holdings, as they would have to, if they kept their boys near home. They are looking ahead to a greater value of the larger estates.

Of course, the urban increase will make the state as a whole show a substantial growth.

WAGES OF TEACHERS

New York Commission Recommends Increase of \$1,700,000

New York, Oct. 18.—A New York City commission, appointed by the board of estimate and apportionment, has been studying the problem of school teachers' salaries for nearly a year. The commission has just presented its report, recommending increases of \$1,700,000, of which 93 per cent is to go to women teachers and only seven per cent to the men.

The commission has studied public school conditions, not only in New York, but in most of the larger cities of the United States. During the last five years, it finds teachers' salaries in the 25 largest cities of the country have been increased 20 per cent, but in New York they have remained nearly stationary. The amounts paid in New York, however, are still far above the average. The beginning

wage of \$600, at present allowed in New York, is regarded by the commission as "not properly speaking, a living wage," and an increase to \$720 is urged.

One of the principal subjects taken up by the commission was a comparison of the work of men and women teachers. They took the records of 300 teachers, half of each sex. In rooms taught by men attendance promotions were slightly better. Men teachers were found to be tardy more frequently than women, but the women were absent two and a half times as much, the total of the absences of all teachers in the greater city amounting to a million hours in the course of the school year. Women teachers remain in the service longer than do the men. The proportion of men has been steadily increasing for a number of years.

HOSE TURNED ON THE PRISONERS

Fresno, Cal., October 18.—The second night of the so-called "free speech" campaign, inaugurated by the Industrial Workers of the World through eight arrests in the business section last evening. A free-for-all fight occurred when the officers appeared on the scene of the speech-making. Twenty-one arrests have been made thus far.

After being locked up in jail, the prisoners raised a disturbance by singing and shouting, but were quieted when a hose was turned upon them.

MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRATS ARE TO BE REUNITED

Boston, Oct. 18.—Charles S. Hamlin, one of the aspirants for the Democratic nomination for governor, will retire from the contest at noon today. This leaves Frederick Mansfield of Boston as the regular nominee who was named with the understanding that he would withdraw before 5 p. m. Thursday.

Congressman Eugene N. Foss has already taken out nomination papers as a "Progressive" Democrat, but Mansfield has stated that he will withdraw in favor of Foss.

DOUGLAS, ARIZ., OCT. 18.—Game of all kinds is so plentiful in southern Arizona and Sonora, Mexico, that the Mormons of Colonia Morales, are offering rewards for the killing of quail which are devouring the crops.

Hunters are killing thousands of quail and ducks in the Mesquite range and marshes of the San Pedro valley.

MASSACHUSETTS HAS GAINED 20 PER CENT

Washington, Oct. 18.—The state of Massachusetts has a population of 3,366,416, according to the thirteen census, as announced today. This is an increase of 561,070, or 20 per cent over the population of 1900, when the total was 2,805,346. The increase from 1890 to 1900 was 566,193, or 25.3 per cent.

SENATOR PAGE IS RE-ELECTED

Montpelier, Vt., Oct. 18.—United States Senator Carroll C. Page, Vermont's junior senator, was practically unopposed for re-election when the state senate and house of representatives met today to vote. The Democrats had nominated no candidate in opposition to him.

ORACLE—ISIS—GLOBE—JOIE

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAM MONDAY AFTERNOON.

THIS LIST OF EXCELLENT FEATURES ASSURES THE LOVERS OF MOVING PICTURES A WEEK OF PLEASURE:

ORACLE.

The Tout's Remembrance.

The Iconoclast.

How the Seed of Discontent is Sown.

GLOBE.

Two Waifs and a Stray.—Vitaphone Feature.

Ononko's Vow.

An Edison Indian Feature of Puritan Times.

ISIS.

The Big Scoop.

An Edison Story of a Metropolitan Newspaper.

The Kentucky Pioneer.

Selig Feature Story of the Early Days in the Old Corn Cracker State.

JOIE.

White Man's Money, Indian Curse.

A Story of the Influence of the Whites Upon the Redskins.

Scenes in the Celestial Empire.

A Vivid Picture of Life in Shanghai.

LADIES—Remember we have a fine selection of Souvenirs for our Souvenir Matinees Wednesday, at the ORACLE and GLOBE and Thursday at the ISIS. Every Souvenir we give away now is worth more than the price of admission. Don't forget the two days—Wednesday and Thursday.

CHIROPRACTIC KI-RO-PRAK-TIK

ANNOUNCEMENT.

This is to certify that we, Henry F. Barbarick, D. C., and Miss Jennie Maughan, D. C., Doctors of Chiropractic, have consolidated our offices of Chiropractic, and we are located at 407 Eccles building. We are well equipped and can give our patients the best of service. The Science of Chiropractic is the most modern method of drugless healing. By our adjustments we remove the cause of disease and nature cures. If you are sick from any acute or chronic disease we can restore you to good health. We can tell you exactly what your trouble is by our unique method of diagnosis.

FREE CHIROPRACTIC ADJUSTMENTS.

To all who will bring this ad to our office this week we will give an expert examination and one Chiropractic Adjustment free of charge. The examination alone is worth \$10.00 to you. If you value your health, come and bring others who you know are sick and take advantage of this very liberal offer. If you are too sick to come we can come to you. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 12 m., and 2 to 5 p. m. Rooms 406-7 Eccles Bldg. Ind. phone 3843A.

BARBARICK & MAUGHAN, Doctors of Chiropractic